# **EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE 115**

# GASES-FLAMMABLE

# (INCLUDING REFRIGERATED LIQUIDS)

# POTENTIAL HAZARDS

### FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- Some may burn, but ignite readily
- Containers may explode when heated.
- Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

#### HEALTH

- Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning.
- Some may be irritating if inhaled at high concentrations.
- Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite.
- Fire may produce irritating and /or toxic gases.

# **PUBLIC SAFETY**

- CALL Emergency Response Telephone Number on Shipping Paper first. If Shipping Paper not available or no answer, refer to appropriate telephone number.
- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions.
- Keep unauthorized personnel away.
- Stay upwind.
- Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, and tanks).

### Keep out of low areas.

#### PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

- Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
- Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling refrigerated/cryogenic liquids.

# EVACUATION

#### Large Spill

Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 800 meters (1/2 mile).

#### Fire

 If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions.

#### EMERGENCY RESPONSE

# FIRE

 DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

CAUTION: Hydrogen (UN1049) and Deuterium (UN1957) burn with an invisible flame.

#### **Small Fires**

Dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

#### Large Fires

- Water spray or fog.
- Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

#### **Fire involving Tanks**

- Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.
- Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
- Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.
- Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
- ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.
- For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

## SPILL OR LEAK

- ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
- All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
- Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
- If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid.
- Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Avoid allowing water runoff to contact spilled material.
- Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.
- Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.
- Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

#### CAUTION: When in contact with refrigerated/cryogenic liquid, many materials become brittle and are likely to break without warning.

#### **FIRST AID**

- Move victim to fresh air. Call 911 or emergency medical service.
- Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.
- Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
- Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Clothing frozen to the skin should be thawed before being removed.
- In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water.
- In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do not remove clothing if adhering to skin.
- Keep victim warm and quiet.
- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### MILITARY EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBER 1-800-851-8061

NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (NRC) (24 HOURS) 1-800-424-8802 (In The District of Columbia 202-267-2675) See 2004 Emergency Response Guidebook for a complete listing of Emergency Response Telephone numbers